## 84. STUDY OF THE EFFECTS OF MONACOLIN K ON HYPERLIPIDEMIC PATIENTS

## Mihaela Ivanov, Inesa Peltec

Scientific adviser: Peltec Angela, Associate Professor, Department of Internal Medicine, Clinic of Gastroenterology, *Nicolae Testemitanu* State University of Medicine and Pharmacy, Chisinau, Republic of Moldova

**Background:** Monocolina K is a fermented product of rice and red yeast (RYR) (*Monascus purpureus*) and has been used by the Chinese for many centuries as a food preservative and for its medicinal properties. It is a potent inhibitor of HMG-CoA reductase and is known as substance, which lower serum cholesterol levels.

**Aim:** To investigate the hipolipimiant effect of Monocolina K in patient with hipercolesterolemia with moderate cardiovascular SCORE risk.

**Methods:** A total of 30 patients (mean age:  $47.8 \pm 1.8$  years, 52 % males) who had a total cholesterol level of > 5,2 mmol/L were included in the study and allocated to receive a "No – Colest" which contain 10 mg of Monocolina K for 6 weeks. The 10-years risk of cardiovascular events was calculated according to cardiovascular risk SCORE before and after the treatment. As a primary outcome measure, we compared the before-after difference in lipid levels for patients included in the study.

**Results:** LDL (low density lipoprotein) cholesterol was lowered from  $4.19\pm0.22$  to  $3.51\pm0.14$  mmol/L.

(-16,2%) (p<0,001), total cholesterol from  $6,46\pm0,27$  to  $5,28\pm0,16$  mmol/L (-18,3%) (p<0,001), the TG (triglycerides) was reduced from  $1,89\pm0,27$  to  $1,61\pm0,14$  mmol/L (-14,8%) (p<0,05), and HDL (high density lipoprotein) have also been lowered from  $1,35\pm0,05$  to  $1,26\pm0,02$  mmol/L

(-6,7%) (p>0,05) in the intervention group. Any side effects haven't been noticed.

The lipid lowering effect resulted in reducing of cardiovascular risk as measured with SCORE chart, that changed from 3,85% to 2,5%.

**Conclusions:** The RYR formulation under study was well tolerated and effective in lowering LDL, total cholesterol and TG as well as the cardiovascular risk in this study population.

Trial registration: Clinicaltrials.gov, nr: NCT01558050

Keywords: Cardiovascular prevention, Statins, Red yeast rice(RYR), Cholesterol